

Hospital Standardized Mortality Ratio (HSMR) Annual Rates – 2012/13 to 2017/18

Indicator Definition:

Hospital Standardized Mortality Ratio (HSMR)

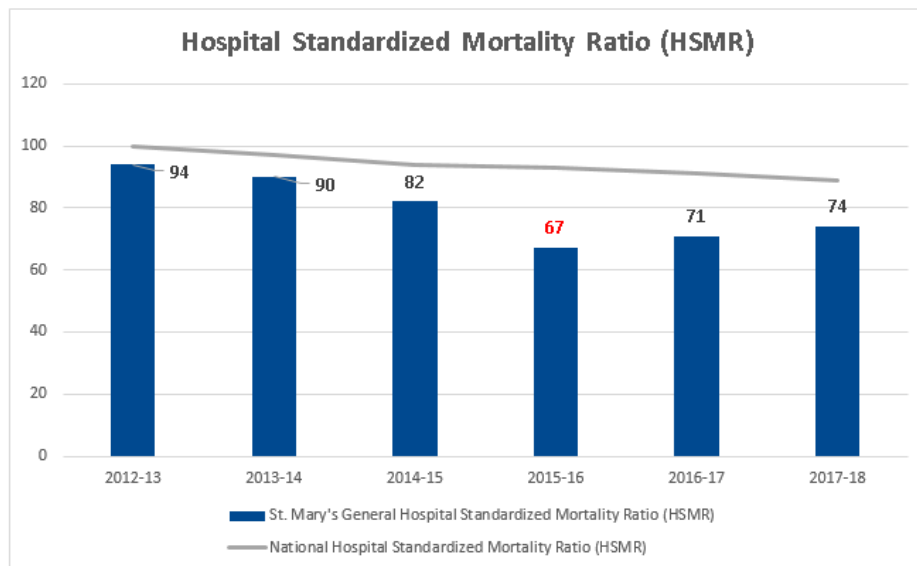
The hospital standardized mortality ratio (HSMR) compares a hospital's mortality (death) rate with the overall average rate. This important measurement provides the hospital with information that assists with identifying areas for improvement. When tracked over time, the HSMR indicates how successful the hospital is in reducing deaths and improving care.

The benchmark for HSMR is the National Average. In 2015/16, St. Mary's had the lowest (best) HSMR in Canada, and in 2017/18 St. Mary's had the eighth lowest score.

HSMR Calculation:

HSMR is calculated as a ratio of the actual number of deaths to the expected number of deaths among patients in acute care hospitals. This rate is then compared to the overall average rate for similar patients. An HSMR of 100 indicates that there is no difference between the hospital's mortality rate and the overall average rate. Therefore, a value greater than 100 means that the hospital's mortality rate is higher than the overall average rate and a value lower than 100 means the hospital's mortality rate is lower than the overall average rate.

2012/13 to 2017/18 Annual Results



Benchmark Source:

Canadian Institute Health Information (CIHI)